Key	Year 1&2	
Vocabulary	 Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather Key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, shop, port, harbour, train station, road, street, dual carriageway and motorway. Year 3&4 Key physical geography, including: Climate zones, biome, tundra, desert, rivers, mountains, valley volcanoes and earthquakes. Key human geography, including: Region, types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources - water. Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn. 	
Year group	Year 3	Year 4
Key skills	Use maps, globes, atlases and digital mapping to locate countries and identify features studied. Use eight pints of a compass.	Use maps, globes, atlases, digital mapping and ordinance survey maps to locate countries / areas and identify features studied. Use eight pints of a compass, four and six figure grid reference, symbols and keys.
Referred to throughout the year.	Linked throughout - Identify the position and significance of the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn in relation to topic and area studying. Linked year 2 previous learning: Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans. Link to year 1 and seasonal change compare and contrast from other areas around the world. Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South poles. Identify the position and significance of the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn.
Areas of study. Location and place knowledge	Locate world's countries and their continents. Focus on Russia in Europe and Egypt in Africa. Compare to UK (done in Year 1&2) Looking at same thing: Capital city Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season, weather. Key human features, city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, shop, port, harbour, road, street, train station, dual carriageway and motorway, types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources - water. Study Biomes: Russian Tundra, Egyptian dessert.	Name and locate areas of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, valleys, coasts and rivers); and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. Halifax — Human, textile industry and how it has affected landscape over time. Impact of waterways on industry Visit Piece Hall for trading cloth, industrial museum (next to piece hall). Compare to Peak District (visit). Mountains link to mountain rescue Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather
	Identify the position and significance of the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn	Key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, shop, port, harbour, train station, road, street, dual carriageway and motorway
	Volcanoes (Linked to Science topic) – Iceland and Pacific countries (ring of fire). Identify the position and significance of the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn	To understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North America: Alaska N America Arctic Circle (Link to Russia and

Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of a region in UK – **Yorkshire**. Link previous learning (Year 1&2) Huddersfield. Study Harrogate (North Yorkshire). Visit Harlow Carr

Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation.

Key human features, city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, shop, port, harbour, road, street, train station, dual carriageway and motorway, types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources - water.

Compare and contrast region of Yorkshire to Region in Europe.

Split class and choose 3 regions to study from Europe and share findings. E.g.

Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azu — France

Northern Region — Norway

Catalunya – Spain

Northern Norway in year 3). Ice Palace topic. Study arctic circle Alaska (North America) Identify the position and significance of the **Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn**

Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season, weather.

Key human features, city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, shop, port, harbour, road, street, train station, dual carriageway and motorway, types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources - water.

Compare to Southern Hemisphere in Journey to Jo'burg topic.